

MDx-B-xxxDT-10.31

(12-24 VDC; Battery Backup; TTL Control)

USER MANUAL

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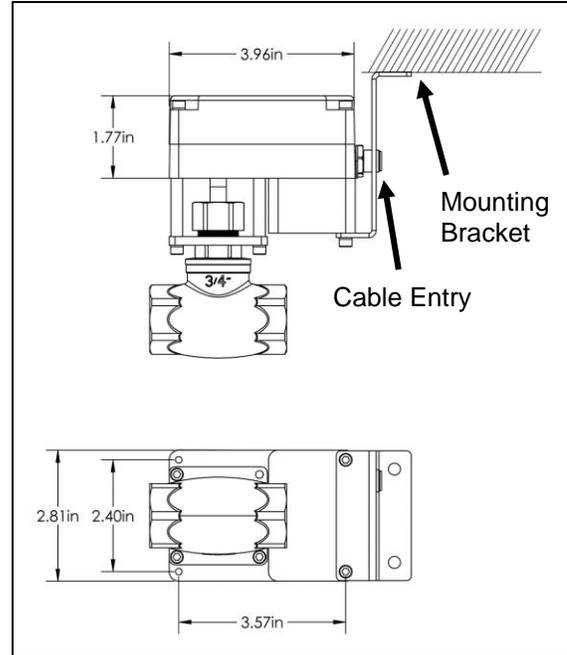


INSTALLATION

Mounting

In most cases, the actuator must be mounted and supported as shown in the image to the right. The mounting bracket is not supplied by Hanbay.

Exceptionally, the actuator may be suspended on the tubing itself but ONLY if the application is vibration free and the tubing is minimum 1/4" dia. stainless.



Wiring

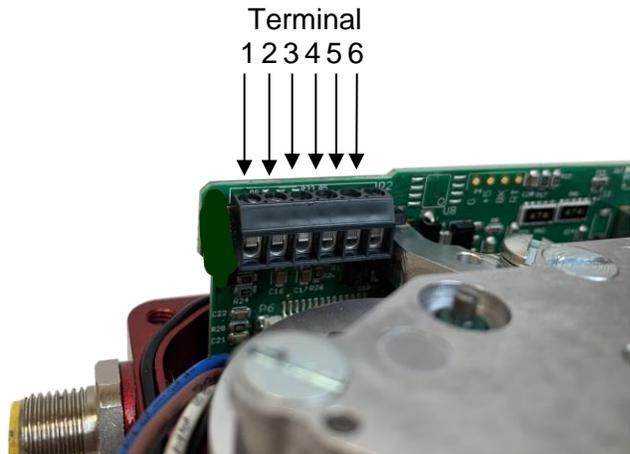
The actuator comes standard with a Turck 6 position connector and a 20' cable with plug. Cut the cable to the length required and then connect according to the following wire color schematic:

Wire colour schematic for "Turck6" cable:

Pin	Colour	Function
6	White	+24 VDC
5	Black	Power gnd.
4	Pink	Output TTL2
3	Grey	Output TTL1
2	Blue	Input TTL2
1	Brown	Input TTL1

If the Turck cable is not included in your actuator, connect the wires to the corresponding pins on the terminal block as indicated in the table and schematic below:

Pin	Function
6	Already Connected to battery board Connect +24 VDC wire to loose red cable with crimp connector
5	Already Connected to battery board Connect power ground wire to loose black cable with crimp connector
4	Output TTL2
3	Output TTL1
2	Input TTL2
1	Input TTL1



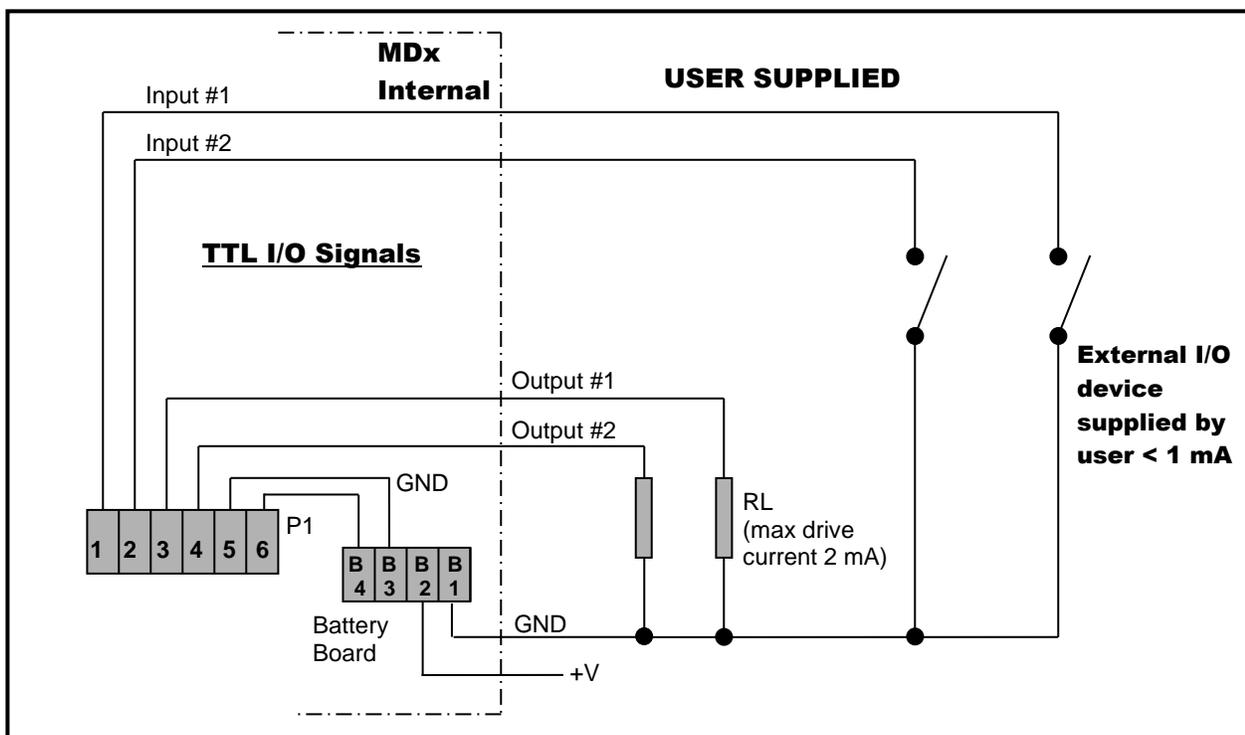
Power Supply and Current Draw

The **MDx-B-xxxDT** can **ONLY** be powered by a 24 VDC supply.

The current draw will range from minimum 100 mA to maximum 3 A while the actuator is active. When not moving, the actuator draws approx. 50 mA.

Control Signal and Feedback

Locate the correct connection terminals/wires, as shown on the previous page, then connect your input signal on positions 1 and 2 (brown and blue wires) as shown below. Feedback, if applicable is connected to positions 3 and 4 (grey and pink wires).



OPERATION

DIP Switches

The DIP switches allow you to change the settings on your actuator. To flip a switch, gently use a small flat-head screwdriver.

See the table below for DIP switch functionality.



In this example DIPs 1, 2, 5 and 12 are on.

DIP 1	DIP 2	Description	Recommended Use
Off	Off	Fastest settling	Use only for low torque valves
Off	On	Medium-fast	Typical setting
On	Off	Medium-slow	Typical setting
On	On	Slowest settling	Use for high torque valves

DIP switches 1 and 2 set the actuator position control parameters. High settling speed settings are suitable for fast positioning of light valves. Longer settling times will allow heavier valves to reach their target positions; trying to use a fast settling setting on a high torque valve will increase current consumption when holding position, and cause heating of the motor.

DIP 10	DIP 11	Torque description	Approximate stall current (A)	Approximate stall torque (in-lbs)			
				MDL	MDM	MDH	MDF
Off	Off	Low	0.75	70	212	Not available with battery backup. Use RDH* instead.†	715
Off	On	Medium-low	1.0	79	236		832
On	Off	Medium-high	2.0	81	243		949
On	On	High	3.0	82	247		1067

* Please see user manual RDx-B-xxxDT for more details.

† If the M-Series housing with MDH torque range (430-532 in-lbs) is essential, contact us about MDF-L.

DIP switches 10 and 11 set the actuator torque. These settings are adapted to the valve at the factory. Worn-in valves may require a higher torque setting after some time. The actuator will use 100% of available torque to try and reach maximum speed.



- Note:** Medium-high and high settings require voltage supply minimum values as follows:
- Supply voltage needs to be min 14 VDC for medium-high
 - Supply voltage needs to be 16 VDC for high
 - When operating above 20 VDC and 66% power, Duty cycle is reduced to 50% - 25% maximum. At these levels, the electronics produce more heat which must be dissipated (depending on environmental temperature)

DIP 3	Reserved for custom function.
DIP 4	Sets direction of offset (offset only required in MDH and MDF models).
DIP 5	Sets the highest amount of offset, typically 12°. NOTE: To set maximum offset DIPs 5,6, and 7 will need to be high for a total of 21°. The maximum offset can also be set differently at the factory (upon customer request).
DIP 6	Sets medium offset, typically 6°.
DIP 7	Sets the lowest amount of offset, typically 3°.
DIP 8	With DIP 8 in the ON position, the actuator will move to 4 positions. When DIP 8 is in the OFF position, the actuator is limited to three positions. DIP 8 also changes the function of the output signals. See p.5 for details.
DIP 9	Run / Calibrate Putting DIP 9 into the off position will disable the actuator positioning control, and the motor will not move regardless of the input signals. When DIP 9 is moved back into the on position, the actuator will perform its homing routine, and then move to the position commanded by the input signals.
DIP 12	DIP 12 sets the direction of rotation

Functionality

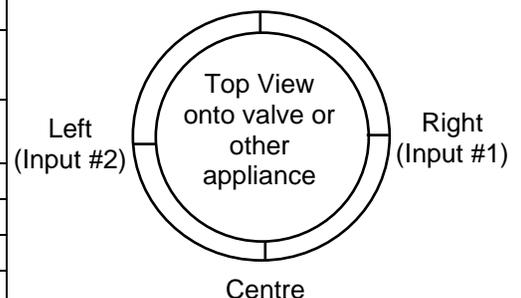
The MDx can operate as a 3-position or 4-position actuator. The 4th position is enabled by turning DIP 8 ON. **Note that inputs 1 & 2 (pins 1 & 2) are HIGH by default – a LOW signal must be sent to change the value. Sending a HIGH signal may be harmful to the internal circuit board.**

3-pos Functionality (DIP 8 OFF)

Input #1 (Pin 1)	Input #2 (Pin 2)	Action taken
High	High	Moves to or remains in center position
Low	High	Moves to or remains in right position
High	Low	Moves to or remains in left position
Low	Low	Moves to or remains in right position (Input #2 has precedence over Input #1)

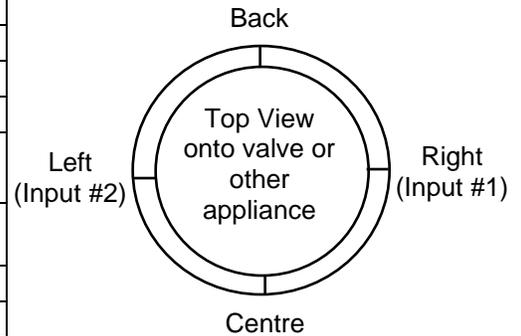
The feedback from the MDx-B-xxxDT is as follows:

Output #1 (Pin 3)	Output #2 (Pin 4)	Meaning High = 4.5 VDC Low = 0.8 VDC
High	High	Actuator output is in center position
High	Low	In Right position
Low	High	In Left position
Low	Low	Actuator is moving, or has stalled and given up trying to reach a requested position. You may retry to reach any position by cycling both inputs one after the other. Repeated failures to reach position will require troubleshooting.



4-pos Functionality (DIP 8 ON)

Input #1 (Pin 1)	Input #2 (Pin 2)	Action taken
High	High	Moves to or remains in center position
Low	High	Moves to or remains in right position
High	Low	Moves to or remains in left position
Low	Low	Moves to or remains in back position
The feedback from the MDx-xxxDT is as follows:		
Output #1 (Pin 3)	Output #2 (Pin 4)	Meaning High = 4.5 VDC Low = 0.8 VDC
Low	Low	Actuator is at requested position
High	Low	Actuator is moving
Low	High	Actuator has stalled. The stall can be cleared by making the actuator turn in the other direction.



Direction of rotation and using input 1

To change the direction of rotation on the actuator change the setting on DIP 12 and cycle power to the actuator.



VERY IMPORTANT: Input 1 must always be used if only one input is used to operate the valve. When the actuator is operated using input 1 an automatic calibration is done every time the valve is actuated. This does not happen on input 2.

Calibration

The center position calibration routine can be initiated by switching DIP 9 momentarily “off” then “on”. This will cause the actuator to go through a series of movements to determine the proper center position. This function is useful if the actuator’s output gear gets manually rotated while the actuator is powered down and can’t properly realign to the center by itself.

Troubleshooting

Upon noticing a problem, your first step should almost always be to recalibrate the actuator by toggling DIP 9 while the actuator is powered. This alone can solve basic problems.

If the actuator does not move, try following these steps:

- 1) Re-calibrate the actuator. This will move the actuator regardless of what signal it is receiving.
- 2) A sticking valve may be the problem. Remove the valve from the actuator, and re-test the actuator.
- 3) Remove power. Re-check the wiring and the power/signal apparatus. Power actuator, and re-calibrate. If the problem persists, please call Hanbay for technical support.

Battery Fail Safe Function

1. In the event of a loss of power or signal, the battery will maintain power to the P1 processor and trigger the actuator to move the valve to its designated fail-safe position, using power from the battery.
2. Once the valve has reached its fail-safe position, and after about one minute, the P1 processor will go into sleep mode to preserve the battery life.
3. The actuator will not respond to commands until the power supply is restored.

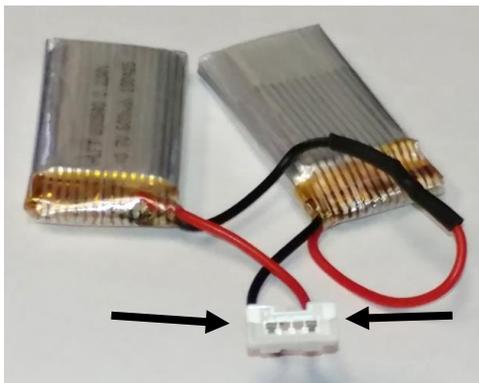
Note: The battery will maintain a charge for up to 2 months without power being applied. The fail-safe actuation can be performed for 30 cycles on the charge available in the battery. During normal operation, from totally discharged, the batteries will take 2 hours to re-charge.



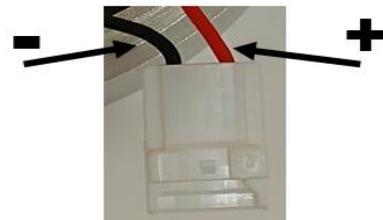
If in a critical fail-safe application, the battery function should be tested monthly.

Testing Battery Functionality

- The batteries will be continuously on charge when power is available to the actuator.
- Regardless of application, the fail-safe function should be tested monthly by signaling the unit to the position opposite the fail position, removing the power to the actuator and observing whether the actuator reaches the desired fail position.
- The battery voltage can be measured with a multimeter set for DC volt measurement.

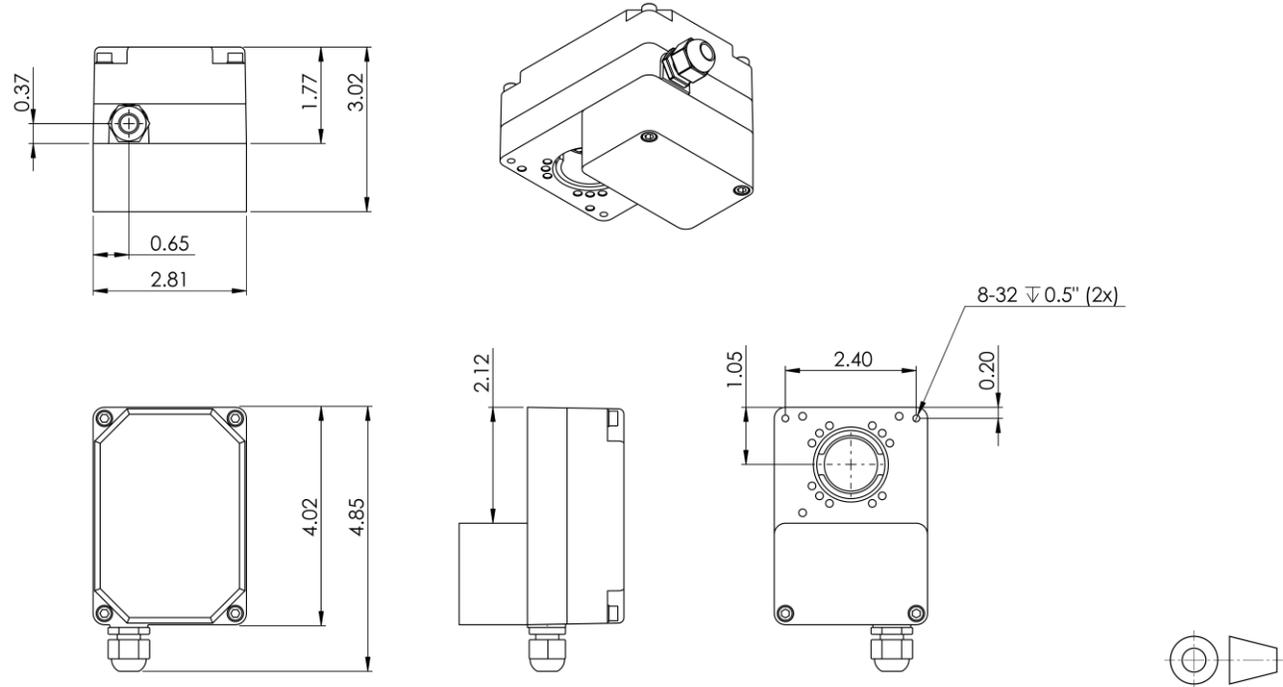


Measure battery voltage between the connector terminals. Value should be: 7.9 ± 0.4 VDC

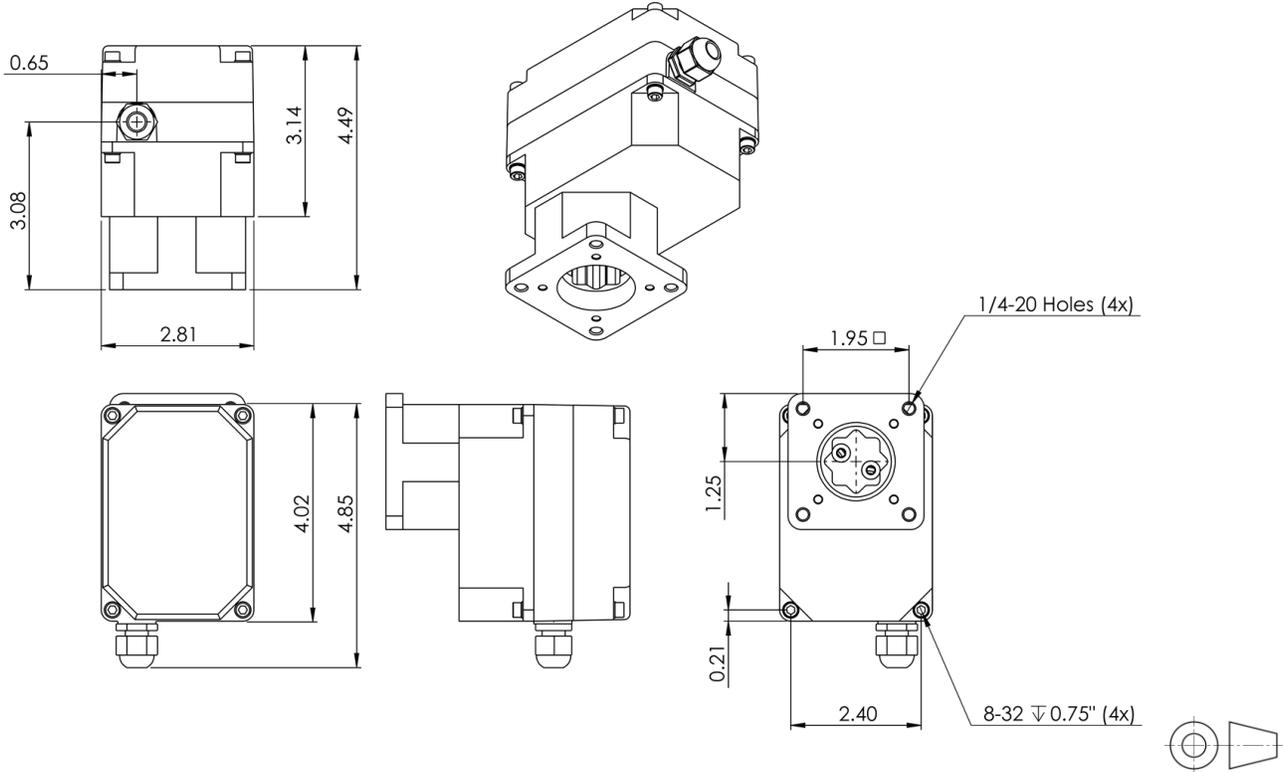


ACTUATOR DIMENSIONS

MDL & MDM -B-xxxAx models



MDF-B-xxxAx models



PART NUMBER BREAKDOWN

Full Hanbay Part Number: **M** **D** - **B** - **DT** - -

Base Enclosure		Continuous or Discrete		Gear Train		Special Options		Enclosure Options		Wiring		Thermal Management		PCB		Mounting Kit		Valve Part Number		
M			-		-															Valve Manufacturer's Part # / CU #
M	M-Series																			
C	Continuous																			
D	Discrete																			
J	Extra Low Torque																			
K	M gear train w/ low torque motor																			
L	Low Torque																			
M	Medium Torque																			
H	High Torque (Add. Gear Stage)																			
F	F-Gear Stage (Add. Gear Stage)																			
AB	Analog Signal Board																			
AI	Analog Signal Board Isolated Input																			
AF	Analog Signal Board Isolated with Feedback																			
DC	Continuous TTL Input Board																			
DT	TTL Input Board with Integrated Feedback																			
AS	Modbus Control with Feedback																			
0	No Option																			
H	Internal Heater																			
F	External Fan																			
0	Cable Gland (Specify Cable & length at added cost)																			
4	Custom Dual Gauge Cable, 10ft.																			
5	TURCK 5 Position Connector w. 20' Cable and Plug																			
6	TURCK 6 Position Connector w. 20' Cable and Plug																			
7	TURCK 5 Position Connector Only																			
8	TURCK 8 Position Connector w. 20' Cable and Plug (Special)																			
0	Standard Red Alloy Enclosure																			
M	Manual Override																			
S	Stainless Steel Enclosure																			
N	Black Alloy Enclosure																			
0	No Special Options																			
HT	High Temperature Kit																			
B	Battery Backup																			
G	G-Stage Gate Valve (MCM or MCL)																			
L1	Linear 16 TPI																			
L2	Linear 8 TPI																			
M	Manual Override (When M in Enclosure Option is not usable)																			
AC	110VAC Power Supply																			
S	Spring Return																			
RS	Reverse Spring Return																			
TS	Top Stop																			
BS	Bottom Stop																			

LABEL BREAKDOWN

Firmware Version

AF-1.05
 AB-1.05
 AS-1.05

MM = Multiturn
 MML = Multiturn Low Torque
 MMUL = Multiturn Extra Low Torque
 QM = Quarter turn
 QM97 = Quarter turn 97°

DT-2.01
 DC-2.01
 DT-4.06 (Obsolete since 2019)
 M-Dx V2.31

Actuator Supply Voltage

12-24 VDC @ 3.0 A or
 110-240 VAC @ 1.5A

Circuit Board Version

Ax-8.09
 Dx-10.31
 Dx-4.10 (Obsolete since 2019)
 Px-10.3

Actuator Series

M-Series or R-Series



Actuator Part Number

Refer to part number breakdown for available options.

QR Code

Scan this QR code for a direct link to the user manual for your unit!

Actuator Serial Number

This serial number is unique for each individual unit and is directly tied to your order/invoice number.